

FIGURE 3.—Immunodiffusion test that has AI AGID antigen in the center well; AI-positive control serum in wells A, C, and E; AI-negative test serum in well B; AI-positive test serum in well D; and weak positive test serum in well F.

(b) The enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) may be used as a screening test for avian influenza. Use only federally licensed ELISA kits and follow the manufacturer's instructions. All ELISA-positive serum samples must be confirmed with the AGID test conducted in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

 $[65 \ FR \ 8019, \ Feb. \ 17, \ 2000, \ as \ amended \ at \ 74 \ FR \ 14718, \ Apr. \ 1, \ 2009]$

EDITORIAL NOTE: At 74 FR 14718, Apr. 1, 2009, §147.9 was amended by removing figure 1 and redesignating figures 2 and 3 as figures 1 and 2, respectively. However, all three figures are parts of illustrations, and this amendment could not be incorporated.

Subpart B—Bacteriological Examination Procedure

§ 147.10 Laboratory procedure recommended for the bacteriological examination of egg-type breeding flocks with salmonella enteritidis positive environments.

Birds selected for bacteriological examination from egg-type breeding flocks positive for *Salmonella enteritidis* after environmental monitoring should be examined as described in §147.11(a) of this subpart, with the following exceptions and modifications allowed due to the high number of birds required for examination:

- (a) Except when visibly pathological tissues are present, direct culture, §147.11(a)(1) of this subpart, may be omitted; and
- (b) Enrichment culture of organ (nonintestinal) tissues using a non- selective broth, §147.11(a)(2) of this subpart, may be omitted.

[59 FR 12801, Mar. 18, 1994]